



SOUTH CAROLINA REVENUE AND FISCAL AFFAIRS OFFICE
STATEMENT OF ESTIMATED FISCAL IMPACT
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Bill Number: H.3706 As amended by House Medical, Military, Public, and Municipal Affairs on February 24, 2016
Author: Putnam
Subject: Emergency Anaphylaxis Treatment Act
Requestor: House Medical, Military, Public, and Municipal Affairs
RFA Analyst(s): Stein
Impact Date: March 8, 2016

Estimate of Fiscal Impact

	FY 2016-17	FY 2017-18
State Expenditure		
General Fund	\$0	\$0
Other and Federal	\$0	\$0
Full-Time Equivalent Position(s)	0.00	0.00
State Revenue		
General Fund	\$0	\$0
Other and Federal	\$0	\$0
Local Expenditure	\$0	\$0
Local Revenue	\$0	\$0

Fiscal Impact Summary

This bill would have no expenditure impact on the General Fund, Federal Funds, or Other Funds.

Explanation of Fiscal Impact

Explanation of Amendment by the House Medical, Military, Public, and Municipal Affairs on February 24, 2016

State Expenditure

The amendment to H. 3706 amends Chapter 99, Title 44 relating to emergency treatment for insect stings. The bill re-names the chapter Emergency Anaphylaxis Treatment Act, adds definitions, and authorizes eligible entities to stock epinephrine auto-injectors (epi-pens) obtained by prescription. The bill requires authorized entities to designate individuals in their employ as responsible for the maintenance and oversight of the epi-pens and provides certification guidelines for individuals who expect to administer epi-pens. The bill expands the hold-harmless section (excluding negligence) to include all individuals and entities named in the chapter and provides for out-of-state reciprocity.

The Department of Health and Environmental Control indicates that this bill would have no expenditure impact on the General Fund, Federal Funds, or Other Funds.

State Revenue

N/A

Local Expenditure

N/A

Local Revenue

N/A



Frank A. Rainwater, Executive Director